IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA STATESVILLE DIVISION

CRIMINAL ACTION NO. 5:06-CR-00039-KDB

UNITED STAT	TES OF	AMERI	CA.
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Plaintiff,

v. ORDER

JAY LEE MCALPIN,

Defendant.

THIS MATTER is before the Court on Defendant's motion for compassionate release based on the COVID-19 pandemic under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(1)(A), the First Step Act of 2018, and the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020. (Doc. No. 42).

Section 603(b) of the First Step Act amended Section 3582(c)(1)(A), which previously only allowed a court to reduce a term of imprisonment on motion of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons (BOP). Now a court may entertain a motion filed by a defendant: (1) after full exhaustion of all administrative rights to appeal a failure of the BOP to bring a motion on the inmate's behalf; or (2) after the lapse of 30 days from the receipt of such a request by the warden of the facility, whichever is earlier. Here, Defendant cannot obtain relief from this Court when he has not first sought it through the warden at his facility. Defendant has not alleged nor provided any documentation to show that he has requested such relief from BOP. Therefore, the Court is without authority to consider the merits of his claim. *United States v. Raia*, 954 F.3d 594, 595 (3d Cir. 2020) (denying motion for compassionate release based on COVID-19 where defendant did not first seek relief from BOP).

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the President signed the CARES Act into law on

March 27, 2020. Pub. L. 116-136, 134 Stat. 281, 516. Section 12003(b)(2) of the Act gives the

Director of the BOP authority to lengthen the maximum amount of time a prisoner may be placed

in home confinement under 18 U.S.C. § 3624(c)(2) during the covered emergency period, if the

Attorney General finds that emergency conditions will materially affect the functioning of the

BOP. On April 3, 2020, the Attorney General issued a memorandum to the Director of the BOP

making that finding and directing the immediate processing of suitable candidates for home

confinement. However, nothing in the CARES Act gives the Court a role in determining those

candidates. See United States v. Caudle, 740 F. App'x 354, 365 (4th Cir. 2018) (stating district

court lacks authority to govern designation of prisoners under Section 3624(c)(2)).

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant's motion for compassionate release, (Doc.

No. 42), is **DENIED** without prejudice.

The Clerk is directed to certify copies of this Order to Defendant, the Federal Defender, the

United States Attorney, the United States Marshals Service, and the United States Probation

Office.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: May 4, 2020

Kenneth D. Bell

United States District Judge